Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2016

Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited

Financial Statements

Index

Contents	Page No.
Directors' Report	1
Auditor's Report	2 - 3
Balance Sheet	4
Profit & Loss Accounts	5
Statement of Comprehensive Income	6
Cash Flow Statement	7
Statement of Changes in equity	8
Notes to the Accounts	9 to 29



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors take pleasure in presenting their report together with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year June 30, 2016 together with auditors report.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The working results of the company for the said financial year are given as under:

OPERATIONAL RESULTS	Rupees
Operating revenue	17,323,921
Operating expenses	(22,324,141)
Operating profit	(5,000,220)
Other charges	-
Other income	2,351,889
Profit before tax	(2,648,331)
Tax	(437,088)
Profit after tax	(3,085,419)

DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommended any dividend due to anticipated working capital requirements during next financial year.

EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Earnings per share for the year ended 30th June 2016 was Rs.

(3.43)

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Due to improvement in economic indicators political stability and better law and order situation, the future of capital market is also bright. The directors are hopeful that the future profitability of the company will be increased.

AUDITORS

The auditors of the company Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran – Chartered Accountants have retired, being eligible, their services for the ensuing year.

On behalf of the board

Karachi:

Dated:

07 OCT 2016

Authors

Chief Executive



NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN

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AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited as at June 30, 2016 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that-

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the (i) notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied.
 - the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the (ii) company's business; and
 - the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure (iii) incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company;





LAHORE:

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- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part there of conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at **June 30, 2016** and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Dated: Karachi 07 OCT 2016

NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: M. Javaid Qasim

Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited Balance Sheet As at June 30, 2016

	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	11010	2016	2015
ACCETO			
ASSETS NON CURRENT ACCEPTE			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property & equipment	4	8,073,376	5,685,201
Intangible assets	5	10,037,560	10,163,800
Long term investment	6	25,467,400	25,467,400
Long term deposits	7	1,010,000	1,010,000
		44,588,336	42,326,401
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade receivables			
Short term investment	8	6,011,258	7,198,685
Advances, deposits, pre-payments & other receivables	9	17,876,295	6,711,110
Cash & bank balances	10	15,966,733	39,148,615
Casii & Dalik Dalalices	11	12,829,117	3,442,889
		52,683,403	56,501,299
TOTAL A CONTROL			
TOTAL ASSETS		97,271,739	98,827,700
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized Capital			
1,000,000 (2015: 1,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each		100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	12	00,000,000	10,000,000
Advance against share capital	12	90,000,000	40,000,000
Unappropriated Loss		(7.404.770)	48,000,000
emppropriated 2005		(7,491,778)	(4,406,359)
		82,508,222	83,593,641
LIABILITIES			
NON-GURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loan		-	10,000,000
CVID DOLLAR STATE OF THE STATE			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables		10,674,783	4,244,121
Accrued expenses & other liabilities	13	4,088,733	989,938
		14,763,516	5,234,059
CONTINUENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	14	÷	=0
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		97,271,739	98,827,700
		7,,271,707	70,027,700
The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements	T _e :		,

Chief Executive

Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited Profit & Loss Accounts For the year ended June 30, 2016

	Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
REVENUE			
Operating revenue Capital (loss)/gain on sale of investments Gain/(loss) on remeasurement of investments	15	17,107,532 (140,577) 356,966 17,323,921	6,676,580 917,928 (687,986) 6,906,522
Administrative expenses Finance cost	16 17	(22,242,140) (82,001)	(11,702,168) (27,425)
Operating loss		(5,000,220)	(4,823,071)
Other income	18	2,351,889	584,309
Loss before taxation	-	(2,648,331)	(4,238,762)
Taxation	19	(437,088)	(251,102)
Loss after taxation	-	(3,085,419)	(4,489,864)
Loss per share - basic	20.1	(3.43)	(11.22)
Loss per share - diluted	20.2	(3.43)	(5.10)

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

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Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended June 30, 2016

Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
	(3,085,419)	(4,489,864)

Other comprehensive income

Loss after taxation

Total comprehensive loss for the year

(3,085,419) (4,489,864)

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Director

Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited Cash Flow Statement For the year ended June 30, 2016

	Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation Add/(less): Items not involved in movement of fund:		(2,648,331)	(4,238,762)
Depreciation		980,367	852,385
Amortization of intangible asset		126,240	157,800
(Gain) / loss on remeasurement of investments		(356,966)	687,986
Finance costs	L	82,001	27,425
		831,642	1,725,596
Cash used in from operating activities before working capital changes		(1,816,689)	(2,513,166)
Net change in working capital	(a)	35,295,883	(41,516,704)
Finance costs paid		(82,001)	(27,425)
Taxes paid		(1,834,204)	(202,638)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		31,562,989	(44,259,933)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property and equipment		(3,368,542)	(6,537,586)
Acquisition of computer software		(0,000,0.2)	(789,000)
Short term investments		(10,808,219)	(7,399,096)
Long term deposits			(300,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(14,176,761)	(15,025,682)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Long term loan (repaid)/received		(10,000,000)	10,000,000
Advance against share capital		(10,000,000)	48,000,000
Share capital issued		2,000,000	40,000,000
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	-	(8,000,000)	58,000,000
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,386,228	(1,285,615)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		3,442,889	4,728,504
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	11	12,829,117	3,442,889
(Increase)/decrease in current assets	_		
Trade receivables		1,187,427	(7,198,685)
Advances, deposits, pre-payments & other receivables	L	24,578,999	(39,163,373)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		25,766,426	(46,362,058)
Trade payables	Γ	6,430,662	4,244,121
Accrued expenses & other liabilities		3,098,795	601,233
	_	9,529,457	4,845,354
Net change in working capital	=	35,295,883	(41,516,704)

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

7

Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2016

	Share Capital	Profit/(Loss)	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at June 30, 2014	40,000,000	83,505	40,083,505
Loss after taxation		(4,489,864)	(4,489,864)
Balance as at June 30, 2015	40,000,000	(4,406,359)	35,593,641
Shares capital issued	50,000,000		50,000,000
Loss after taxation	-	(3,085,419)	(3,085,419)
Balance as at June 30, 2016	90,000,000	(7,491,778)	82,508,222

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Directo

9

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Spectrum Securities (Private) Limited (Formerly Mazhar Hussain Securities (Private) Limited) (the Company) was incorporated in October 27, 2014 as a private limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The registered office of the Company is situated at Room No. 425, 4th Floor, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, Karachi. Pakistan. The company is engaged in the business of financial consultancy, brokerage, underwriting and investment counselling. It is a Trading Right Certificate Holder of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (formerly Karachi Stock Exchange Limited - KSEL)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance), directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and approved financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved financial reporting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board as are notified under the provisions of the Ordinance. Wherever the requirements of the Ordinance, or the directives issued by the SECP differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Ordinance or of the said directives have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for derivatives, investment classified as 'held for trading'.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved financial reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

16

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, plant and equipment

3.1.1 Owned

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset including borrowing costs.

Where major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account during the year in which they are incurred.

Disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized when significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership have been transferred. Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized within 'Other operating expenses/income in the profit and loss account.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method.

Depreciation is charged when asset is available for use until asset is disposed off.

3.1.2 Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance lease. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount lower of tis fair value and present value of minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to the asset. Outstanding obligations under the lease less finance cost allocated to future periods are shown as a liability.

Finance cost under lease agreements are allocated to the periods during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of finance cost on the remaining balance of principal liability for each period.

Leased assets are depreciated over the period shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account using reducing balance method.

3.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged using reducing balance method over assets estimated useful life, after taking into accounts residual values, useful life and amortization methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at balance sheet date.

Amortization on additions is charged from the month the assets are put to use while no amortization is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off.

Gain and losses on disposal of such assets, if any, are included in the profit and loss account.

3.2.1 Trading Right Entitlement Certificate

This is stated at cost less impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether it is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

3.2.2 Pakistan Mercantile Exchange - Membership card

Membership card represents corporate membership of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange with indefinite useful life. This is stated at cost less impairment, if any. The carrying amount is reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether this is in excess of its recoverable amount, and where the carrying value exceeds estimated recoverable amount, this is written down to its estimated recoverable amount.

3.2.3 Computer software

Expenditure incurred to acquire identifiable computer software and having probable economic benefits exceeding the cost beyond one year, is recognized as an intangible asset. Such expenditure includes the purchase cost of software (license fee) and related overhead cost.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

Computer software and license costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss and amortized through reducing balance method.

Amortization is charged from the month in which the related asset is available for use while no amortization is charged for the month in which such asset is disposed off.

3.3 Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the supply of services or for administrative purposes, is classified as investment property. Investment property is initially measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and borrowing costs, if any.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expenses when incurred.

3.4 Impairment

A financial asset, other than that carried at fair value through profit or loss, is assessed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred and that the loss event has a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

In case of investment in equity securities classified as available for sale and measured at fair value, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists, the cumulative loss measured as a difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized, is transferred from other comprehensive income to the profit and loss account. Such impairment losses are not subsequently reversed through the profit and loss account.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

The carrying amount of the Company's non financial assets and investments carried at cost are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.5 Financial assets

3.5.1 The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at cost, at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, available for sale and held to maturity. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

a) Long term investment

Investment in subsidiary

The company considers its subsidiary companies to be such enterprise in which the company has control and/ownership of more than half or fifty percent of the voting power.

Investment in subsidiaries are carried at cost in accordance with IAS-27-'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'.

b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if acquried principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise trade debts, loans, advances, deposits, other receivables in the balance sheet.

d) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investments within twelve months from the balance sheet date.

e) Held to maturity

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, where management has intention and ability to hold till maturity are classified as held to maturity.

14

3.5.2 All financial assets are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of investments are recognized on trade-date the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Changes in the fair value of securities classified as available-for-sale are recognized in other comprehensive income. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in other comprehensive income are included in the profit and loss account as a reclassification adjustment. Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the profit and loss account. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in the profit and loss account when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

The fair value of quoted equity instruments are based on current market prices. Subsequent to initial measurement equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost less impairment in value, if any.

3.5.3 Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date.

When available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

3.6 Derivatives

Derivative instruments held by the Company primarily comprise of future contracts in the capital market. These are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. The fair value of future contracts is calculated as being the net difference between the contract price and the closing price reported on the primary exchange of the future contracts. Derivatives with positive market values (unrealized gains) are included in assets and derivatives with negative market values (unrealized losses) are included in liabilities in the balance sheet. The resultant gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

3.7 Securities purchased / sold under resale / repurchase agreements

Transactions of purchase under resale (reverse-repo) of marketable securities including the securities purchased under margin trading system are entered into at contracted rates for specified periods of time. Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resale at a specified future date (reverse-repo) are not recognized in the balance sheet. Amounts paid under these agreements in respect of reverse repurchase transactions are included in assets. The difference between purchase and resale price is treated as income from reverse repurchase transactions in marketable transactions / margin trading system and accrued over the

Transactions of sale under repurchase (repo) of marketable securities are entered into at contracted rates for specified periods of time. Securities sold with a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified future date (repo) continue to be recognized in the balance sheet and are measured in accordance with accounting policies for investments. The counterparty liabilities for amounts received under these transactions are recorded as liabilities. The difference between sale and repurchase price is treated as finance cost and accrued over the life of the repo agreement.

3.8 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable cost, if any, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

3.9 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle either on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.10 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. A provision for impairment in trade debts and other receivables is made when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of receivables. Trade debts and other receivables considered irrecoverable are written off. Trade Receivables in respect of securities sold on behalf of client are recorded at settlement date of transaction.

3.11 Fiduciary assets

Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity by the company are not treated as assets of the Company and accordingly are not included in these financial statements.

3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows includes cash in hand, balance with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts / short term borrowings. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

3.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3.14 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable cost, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Trade payables in respect of securities purchased are recorded at settlement date of transaction.

These are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

3.15 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current

The current income tax charge is based on the taxable income for the year calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet liability method, providing for all temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

3.17 Financial instruments

- Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are measured initially at fair value. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual right to the cash flow from the financial assets expires or is transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include investments, trade debts and other receivables, loans and advances, cash and bank balances, deposits, borrowings, trade and other payables and accrued and other liabilities. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet only when the company has legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amount and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date.

When available, the Company measures the fair value of an investment using quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transaction on an arm's length basis.

3.18 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistan Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency using the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of any direct expenses. Revenue is recognized on the following basis:

- Brokerage, consultancy, advisory fee and commission etc. are recognized as and when such services are provided.
- Income from bank deposits, revrse repo and magin deposits is recognized at effective yield on time proportion basis.
- Income from marginal finance is recognized as and when such services are provided.
- Dividend income is recorded when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- Uprealized capital gains / (losses) arising from mark to market of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading' are included in profit and loss account for the period in which they arise.
- Rental income from investment properties is recognized on accrual basis.
- Other/miscellaneous income is recognized on receipt basis.

3.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred on short term and long term borrowing are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred.

3.21 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation models, as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.

4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	((
910	(NB)				Closing net book value (NBV)
30, 2	value	_	5	ge	value
June	t book	at cost	It NB	n char	book
endec	ing ne	ions (a	sals (a	ciatio	ng net
Year	Open	Addit	Dispo	Depre	Closin
	Year ended June 30, 2016	Year ended June 30, 2016 Opening net book value (NBV)	Year ended June 30, 2016 Opening net book value (NBV) Additions (at cost)	Year ended June 30, 2016 Opening net book value (NBV) Additions (at cost) Disposals (at NBV)	Year ended June 30, 2016 Opening net book value (NBV) Additions (at cost) Disposals (at NBV) Depreciation charge

As at June 50, 2015
Cost
Accumulated depreciation

Year ended June 30, 2015
Additions (at cost)
Disposals (at NBV)
Depreciation charge

	(BV)	Sis
	e (e pa
	valu	value
	ook	Fross carrying value basis
ent	losing net b	arry
npairment	sing	oss c
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Cost	
Accumulated depreciation	tion

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Net book value (NBV)

equipments fixtures fixture	Office	Office	Motor vehicles	Furniture &	Computer	F
(Rupees)		equipments	calculation of the calculation o	fixtures	equipments	I otal
1,995,000 1,029,472 2,012,341 648,388 5 899,641 2,024,402 408,212 126,287 3 1,895,250 1,685,202 1,923,182 2,057,470 542,272 8 2,100,000 1,953,499 2,024,402 2,775,672 1,052,555 9 2,04,750 1,028,297 (101,220) (718,202) (102,282) 1 1,895,250 1,655,202 1,924,182 2,057,470 542,273 8 1,895,250 1,655,202 1,924,182 2,057,470 542,273 8 1,895,250 1,655,202 1,924,182 2,367,460 926,268 6 1,895,250 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6 1,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 1,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 1,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 1,995,000 1,029,472 -	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
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899,641 2,024,402 408,212 126,287 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1,995,000		9.	2.012.341	648 388	06 589 5
(195,550) (183,911) (101,220) (363,083) (232,402) (185,5202 1,923,182 2,057,470 542,272 8) (232,402) (232,402) (232,402 1,923,182 2,057,470 542,272 8) (204,750) (298,297) (101,220) (718,202) (510,282) (116,500) (114,386) - 2,367,460 926,268 6, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 295,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, 200,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,412 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,412 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,412 648,388 64,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,412 648,412,412 648,412,		800 641	2024 402	000	000,000	07,000,0
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(99,750) (183.911) (101,220) (363.083) (232,402) 8 1,895,250 1,655,202 1,923,182 2,057,470 542,272 8 2,100,000 1,953,499 2,024,402 2,775,672 1,052,555 9 (204,750) (298,297) (101,220) (718,202) (510,282) (1 (204,750) (1,655,202) 1,923,182 2,057,470 542,273 8 (100,000) 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, (105,000) (1,143,858) - 2,012,341 648,388 5, (105,000) 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, (105,000) 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, (105,000) 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, (105,000) 1,143,869 - 2,367,460 926,268 6, (995,000) 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5, (995,000)<	i		1	i	9	1
1,895,250	(99,750)		(101,220)	(363,083)	(232,402)	(980,367
\$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	1,895,250	1,655,202	1,923,182	2,057,470	542,272	8,073,376
(204,756) (1,953,499) 2,024,402 2,775,672 (1,022,555) (204,750) (298,297) (101,220) (718,202) (510,282) (385,256) (1,655,202) (1,923,182) 2,057,470 542,273 (100,000 (1,143,858) - 2,367,460 926,268 (105,000) (1,143,858) - 2,012,341 648,388 (105,000) (1,143,858) - 2,367,460 926,268 (105,000) (1,143,858) - 2,012,341 648,388 (105,000) (1,143,858) - 2,012,341 648,388 (105,000) (1,143,858) - 2,012,341 648,388 (105,000) (1,143,85) - 2,012,341 648,388 (105,000) (1,029,472) - 2,012,341 648,388 (105,000) (1,029,472) - 2,012,341 648,388 (100,000) (1,029,472) - 2,012,341 648,388 (100,000) (1,029,472) - 2,012,341						
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(105,000	1,895,250	1,655,202	1,923,182	2,057,470	542,273	8.073.376
(105,000) (114,386) - (355,119) (277,880) ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (105,000) 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6 (105,000) (114,386) - 2,012,341 648,388 5 ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5	2,100,000	1,143,858	ï	2,367,460	926,268	6,537,586
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(955,000 1,029,472 - (277,880) 5 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (100,000 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6 (105,000) (114,386) - 2,367,460 926,268 6 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5	(105 000)	- 114 386)	4	- 250		
.995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 6 .995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 6 .100,000 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 (105,000) (114,386) - 2,012,341 648,388 6 .995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 6 .10 20 15 30	1000,000	(000,+11)		(323,119)	(71,880)	(852,38
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1,00,000 1,143.858 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 005 000	1 070 477	•			
.100,000 1,143,858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6 (105,000) (114,386) - (355,119) (277,880) ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 ,095,000 1,029,472 - 30	1,775,000	1,029,4/2	1	2,012,341	648,388	5,685,201
(100,000 1,143.858 - 2,367,460 926,268 6 (105,000) (114,386) - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5						
(105,000) (114,386) - (355,119) (277,880) (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 (10 20 15 30	2,100,000	1,143,858	ı	2,367,460	926,268	6,537,586
,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 ,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 5 10 20 15 30	(105,000)	(114,386)	•	(355,119)	(277,880)	(852,385)
.995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 10 20 15 30	1,995,000	1,029,472		2,012,341	648,388	5,685,202
,995,000 1,029,472 - 2,012,341 648,388 10 20 15 30	T.		•	ä		î
10 20 15 30	1,995,000	1,029,472		2,012,341	648,388	5,685,201
10 20 15		,				
	S	10	20	15	30	

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	Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
5 INTANGINE ACCETS			
5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS Trading right entitlement certificates		9,532,600	9,532,600
Computer software	5.1	504,960	631,200
		10,037,560	10,163,800
5.1 Computer Software			
Acquisition cost		789,000	789,000
Accumulated amortisation		(157,800)	
		631,200	789,000
Amortisation for the year		(126,240)	(157,800)
Net book value		504,960	631,200
6 LONG TERM INVESTMENTS			
Available for sale - unquoted			
Investments in ;			
Shares of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (formerly Karachi StockExchange Limited - KSEL	6.1	18,191,000	18,191,000
Shares of LSE Financial Services Limited (formerly Lahore Stock Exchange Limited - LSEL)		7,276,400	7,276,400
		25,467,400	25,467,400

6.1 This represents unquoted shares of Stock Exchange received by the Company in pursuance of Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012. The total number of shares received by the Company were 4,007,383 of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (formerly Karachi Stock Exchange Limited - KSEL) 843,975 shares of LSE Financial Services Limited (formerly Lahore Stock Exchange Limited - LSEL), out of total number of shares owned, 60% shares of the said entities are held in separate CDC blocked Account, to restrict the sale of these shares by the members. Whereas stock exchanges will dispose of these shares under the Demutualization Act, however the proceeds of these shares and right to dividend/bonus is vested with the Company whereas the voting rights attached to these shares are suspended. These shares are valued at initially recognized cost.

		Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
7	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
	Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited		410,000	410,000
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited		200,000	200,000
	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited		400,000	400,000
			1,010,000	1,010,000

		Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
8	TRADE RECEIVABLES - CONSIDERED GOOD			
	- from clients		6,011,258	7,198,685
		-	6,011,258	7,198,685
		=	0,011,230	7,170,003
9	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Investments at fair values through profit & loss held for trading			
	Listed equity securities at cost		17,519,329	7,399,096
	Unrealized gain/(loss) as a result of measurement at market value		356,966	(687,986)
	Market value	_	17,876,295	6,711,110
		=		
10	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PRE-PAYMENTS & OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Exposure deposit	10.1	9,916,100	37,468,138
	Advance payment of tax	10.1	1,884,191	823,750
	Advances for expenses		255,285	623,730
	Advance to contractor		609,709	832,500
	Staff loan		59,900	-
	Other receivables		3,241,548	- 24,227
			15,966,733	39,148,615
10.1	These represent amounts of deposits held at the year end against exposure arising with the regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange and National Clearing Company Pa	out of the kistan Lin	e trading in securitie nited.	s in accordance
	Cash in hand Cash at bank		220,600	246,098
	- in current account		12 (00 517	2 107 701
	- in current account	-	12,608,517 12,829,117	3,196,791
		_	12,829,117	3,442,889
12	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL 2016 2015			
	Number of shares			
	900,000 400,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid in ca	sh	90,000,000	40,000,000
	900,000 400,000		90,000,000	40,000,000

12.1 The shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the Company. All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction.

9.2

		Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
13	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Accrued expenses		196,040	
	Other liabilities			751 222
	Provision for taxation		3,892,693	751,233
	1 TOVISION FOI CAXACION	-	4,088,733	238,705 989,938
14	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	=	4,000,733	767,738
	There are no contingencies and commitments as on June 30, 2016 (2015:Nil).			x
15	OPERATING REVENUE			
	Brokerage commission		14,998,938	4,846,400
	Dividend income		2,108,594	1,830,180
		-	17,107,532	6,676,580
16	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	=		
	Salaries and other benefits		9,513,471	3,816,365
	Director's remuneration		3,000,000	3,000,000
	Rent, rates and taxes		1,086,062	353,410
	Repairs and maintenance		1,008,986	247,555
	Printing and stationery		377,613	201,225
	Fees-and subscription		621,045	899,697
	Traveling and conveyance		61,068	48,050
	Commission expense		559,258	63,928
	Computer and software expenses		610,000	37,455
	Entertainment		33,410	206,485
	Vehicle running expenses		45,200	186,644
	Auditor's remuneration		150,000	150,000
	Utilities & communication		2,544,256	1,042,446
	Postage and courier		27,004	6,315
	Insurance		12,429	-
	Advertisement & business promotion		673,273	1.5
	Service and transaction charges		298,634	237,244
	Depreciation		980,367	852,385
	Amortization of software		126,240	157,800
	Other expenses		513,824	195,164
		-	22,242,140	11,702,168

		Note	Rupees 2016	Rupees 2015
17	FINANCE COST			
	Bank charges and commission		82,001	27,425
			82,001	27,425
18	OTHER INCOME			
	Profit on exposure deposit		880,319	201,839
	Recoveries		369,826	380,466
	Additional charges		1,101,231	-
	Others		513	2,004
			2,351,889	584,309
19	TAYATION			
	TAXATION Current		125 000	
	Current		437,088	251,102
			437,088	251,102

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In the view of tax loss for the year, provision for minimum tax has been made in accordance with Section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Therefore, relationship between tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented for the current year.

19.2 Income tax returns of the company have been finalized upto and including the tax year 2015, which are deemed to be assessment order under provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

20 LOSS PER SHARE- BASIC & DILUTED

20.1	Basic	loss	per	share	

	Loss after taxation Number of shares at the end of the year	(3,085,419) 900,000	(4,489,864) 400,000
		(3.43)	(11.22)
20.2	2 Diluted loss per share		
	Loss after taxation	(3,085,419)	(4,489,864)
	Number of shares at the end of the year	900,000	880,000
		(3.43)	(5.10)

21 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTORS

	201	6		2015
	Directors	Chief Executive	Directors	Chief Executive
Managerial remuneration	-	3,000,000	-	3,000,000
		3,000,000		3,000,000
Number of person(s)		1	-	1

22 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

22.1 Financial instruments by categories

22.1.1 Financial assets

		2016			
	At fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	Available for sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial assets	Total
Long term investment	1	25,467,400	-	-	25,467,400
Long term loans, advances & deposits		-	1,010,000	-	1,010,000
Short term investments	17,876,295	-	-		17,876,295
Trade debts - unsecured	-	-	6,011,258	-	6,011,258
Short term deposits, advances & other receivables		-	15,966,733	-	15,966,733
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	12,829,117	12,829,117
	17,876,295	25,467,400	22,987,991	12,829,117	79,160,803

		2015			
	At fair value through profit or loss - held for trading	Available for sale	Loans and receivables	Other financial assets	Total
Long term investment		25,467,400	-		25,467,400
Long term loans, advances & deposits	-	-	1,010,000	-	1,010,000
Short term investments	6,711,110	-	-	:7:	6,711,110
Trade debts - unsecured	¥.	-	7,198,685	-	7,198,685
Short term deposits, advances & other receivables		-	39,148,615	-	39,148,615
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	3,442,889	3,442,889
	6,711,110	25,467,400	47,357,300	3,442,889	82,978,699

22.1.2 Financial liabilities

	2016			
	Amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total	
Long term loan Creditors, accrued expenses	-	-		
and other liabilities	14,763,516		14,763,516	
	14,763,516	-	14,763,516	
	2015			
	Amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total	
Long term loan Creditors, accrued expenses	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	
and other liabilities	5,234,059	_	5,234,059	
	15,234,059	-	15,234,059	